# Getting the Most Out of Measuring Logs

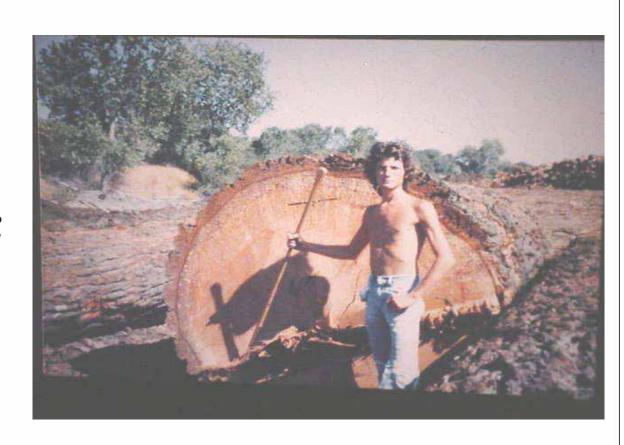
Who is this?

When is this?

Where is this?

What specie? (the log)

The weight? (the man)





















# Scaling Defined

- ➤ The log scaler is an occupation in the timber industry. The Log Scaler measures the cut trees to determine the scale (volume) of the wood to be used for manufacturing.
- The scale is used for payment, <u>quality control</u> and inventory purposes.





















# Traditional Duties and Responsibilities of Scalers

- ➤ Must have complete working knowledge of scaling principals and apply them accurately and consistently.
- ➤ Understand log grades
- ➤ Understand how to operate the recording device and enter all log data accurately.
- ➤ Scale logs productively
- ➤ Accurate specie identification
- ➤ Accurate data entry into inventory system
- Communicate any quality or other load issues with appropriate individuals.



















# Adding Value to the Scaler

- **Data Collection and Reporting** 
  - QC Reporting
  - Log attributes
  - **Dual Scaling**
  - **Check Scaling**
- Log Inventory and Usage
  - Usage
  - Inventory
- Mill Studies
  - Scaler's role
    - Traditionally
    - Value added
- Training
- Summary























# Data Collection and reporting OC Reporting

SCALERS QUALITY CONTROL REPORT										
SALE:	THREE CREEKS 1	1	BK	Break						
		2	LM	Limbs,Burls						
LOGGER:	93336-BRUCH BROS LINE LOGGING	3	W	Wrong Sort						
		4	U	Unsquare Bucking						
TICKET NO:	294701	5	ST	Small Top						
		6	D	Logging Damage:	0					
PC UNIT CONTACT	T: PAT CAFFREY			top split						
				butt split						
DATE SCALED:	7/11/2008			roller damage						
				limb pull						
SCALER:	FAITH BENGTSON			loader damage						
				other						
		7	IL	Improper Length						
COMMENTS:	Approx. half of the cut short logs were	8	M	Metal Object						
	studs cut to 10'6" and the other half were	9	SW	Sweep,Crook						
	cut 20'6". One was a large peeler cut	10	LB	Improper Long Butt						
	34'7".	11	Υ	Fork,Crotch						
		12	R	Rot						
		13	1	Cut Long						
		14	S	Cut Short	45					
		17		Unmerchantable						
			TOTAL C	C ERRORS	45					
			TOTAL P	IECES	107					
			QC%		42%					



















# Data Collection and reporting OC Reporting

➤ Picture is worth one thousand words:

➤ All scalers need a decent digital camera!





















## Data Collection and Reporting

Log Attributes

- In addition to recording the usual attributes (specie, length, diameter & grade) scalers should also record unique characteristics such as:
  - Dead Logs
  - Blued Logs
  - Clear Oversize Fir logs
  - Clear Pine Logs
  - > For specialty products like:
  - House Logs
  - Blued Paneling
  - VG Fir Flooring
  - Clear Veneer Slicing Cants

Communicating these special log attributes to management can yield exceptional returns to a log that otherwise would have less than average value.



















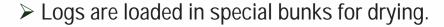
# Data Collection and Reporting

Log Attributes

An Example:



➤ Green LPP & ESLP that make house log specs are identified, scaled and sorted out.





Once bunks are full logs are then loaded into the kilns for drying.



➤ A green truck load of LPP is worth about \$2300, a truck load of dry house logs is worth about \$6000 a truck.



➤ Now That's Adding Value!

# Data Collection and reporting

- Dual Scaling
  - Modern field computers can be programmed to calculate multiple types of volume with very little to no additional effort from the scaler.
  - Can be Scribner/cubic (cubic ft. or m.); short log/long log; Scribner/JAS; etc.
  - > This data is very valuable for:
    - predicting recovery
    - > closing the loop on log usage via mill scanners
    - providing data for log purchases or sales outside of the region
    - > reconciling weight and cruise volume to scale volume
    - testing and reconciling mill scanner data



















## Data Collection and Reporting

- Check Scaling
  - ➤ Both check scaler and scaler being checked, benefit.
  - Promotes discussion on difficult logs.
  - Helps create scaler accuracy and consistency.
  - Identifies scaler deficiencies and strengths.
  - Over all scaler abilities are increased.
  - Mill benefits from a consistent, highly skilled scaling team.

#### CHECK SCALE REPORT

DATE OF CHECK: 7-27-2006 COMPANY: Plum Creek LOCATION: Evergreen

O*CATION:* Evergreen SCALER:

SCALER: CHECK SCALER:

	REMOTE:		
WITH	KNOWLEDGE:	1	100%
	SCRIBNER:	X	

SCRIBNER: X CUBIC:

SALE NAME AND		NUMBER OF LOGS				_	GROSS VARIANCE		NET SCALE		NET VARIANCE		% DEFECT		LITY ORS
LOAD NUMBER		01 1	1003	30/	¬LL		R (-)	307	IL L		R (-)	70 DLT	LUT	# OF L	-
	SP	INSP	SCLR	INSP	SCLR	VOL.	%	INSP	SCLR	VOL.	%	INSP	SCLR	INSP 3	
Grand Scheme	WL	27	27	2720	2690	-		2600	2570	-			-		
Brand 250940	DF	13	13	650	630			590	550						
Ticket #1090836	ES	11	11	500	460			480	420						
	LP	86	79	4120	3850			3420	3360						
	ΑF	12	11	400	330			340	280						
	DSL	3	4	330	360			230	260						
	UM	0	1	0	20			0	0						
	DLP	26	34	1320	1650			720	880						
	BLP	12	10	520	410			450	330						
TOTAL		190	190	10560	10400	-160	-1.5%	8830	8650	-180	-2.0%	16.4%	16.8%	11	21















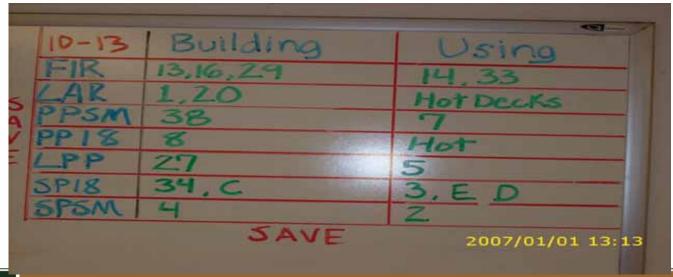




Usage

- > Value added scaler will:
  - > Help control deck building, depletion, numbering and dating.
  - Insures that scanner/deck factor tests are done monthly.
  - Update %defect, average log length, & CCF/MBF ratios regularly.
  - > Validates inventory derived usage and scanner usage.

Usage Tool

















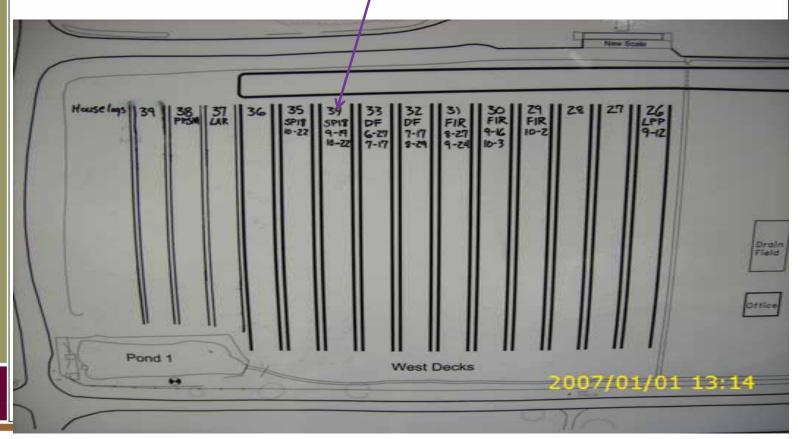






### Deck map displaying:

Deck #, Specie, Dia. Class, Start date & Date closed





#### Usage

- ➤ Test Deck Work Sheet
  - ➤ Logs scaled into deck
  - ➤ Deck measured
  - Cubic volume calculated (H x W x L) note: W= average log length in deck
  - ➤ Deck factor calculated (scaled cubic/calculated cubic)
  - ➤ Scanner correction factor calculated (scaled cubic/scanner cubic)

#### **Test Deck Data and Gross Deck Factor Computations**

			A	В		С	D	E	=(C x D x E) F	=A/F	<b>G</b> Machine	=A/G Scanner
				ALER DA		DECK MEASUREMENTS			Calculated	Gross	Center	Gross
					Defect			Avg log	Cubic	Deck	Scanned	Correction
Date	Specie	Sort	Gross	Net	%	Hght(ft)	Length(ft)	length (ft)	Volume	Factor	Cubic	Factor
June 2006	SPR	18	8,881	8,326	6.26%	12.00	45.00	26.60	14,364	0.6183	10,084	0.8807
June 2006	LPP	SM	8,198	7,753	5.42%	12.00	38.00	26.17	11,934	0.6869	8,970	0.9139
July 2006	PP	18	9,560	8,905	6.86%	10.00	64.00	25.10	16,064	0.5951	10,545	0.9066
July 2006	PP	SM	4,142	3,842	7.25%	6.75	38.00	28.60	7,336	0.5647	4,624	0.8958
September 2006	SPR	SM	4,269	3,978	6.82%	8.00	26.20	30.10	6,309	0.6766	5,010	0.8521
September 2006	LPP	SM	8,475	8,040	5.13%	9.34	50.50	26.10	12,311	0.6885	10,086	0.8403
October 2006	PP	18	9,571	8,930	6.70%	10.60	64.00	23.30	15,807	0.6055	9,678	0.9889
February 2007	LPP	SM	8,780	8,174	6.90%	9.34	60.00	23.64	13,248	0.6627	9,259	0.9482
April 2007	SPR	18	9,265	8,575	7.45%	10.36	60.00	27.10	16,845	0.5500	10,890	0.8508



















**c1** clengsto; 22.10.2008

# Variance Between Physical and Log Summary Dec 2007

Last Month											
Species	Physical	Log Sum	Difference								
Fir	339	331	8								
P Pine	1,331	814	517								
LP Pine	1,798	1,418	380								
Spruce	966	824	142								
WF&AF			-								
IWP			-								
Cedar		1	(1)								
NGTS Accrual		981	(981)								
Total	4,434	4,369	65								
Percent Difference			1.47%								

Current Month											
Species	Physical	<u>Log Sum</u>	Difference								
Fir	355	497	(142)								
P Pine	2,567	1,362	1,205								
LP Pine	2,990	2,766	224								
Spruce	1,544	1,242	302								
WF&AF			-								
IWP			-								
Cedar	4	1	3								
NGTS Accrual		1,537	(1,537)								
Total	7,460	7,405	55								
Percent difference			0.74%								



















#### Physical

- ➤ Value added scaler will:
  - > Accurately measure the decks mid month and end of each month.
  - > Records deck information into the deck work sheet
  - > Double checks all entries for accuracy
  - > Tracks log inventory throughout the month so there are no surprises.



















#### Physical

- ➤ Log Measurement Specialists:
  - > Enters data on the Deck Worksheet
    - Deck #
    - > Sort (generally specie by diameter class)
    - > Status (building, depleting or closed)
    - Date deck was started and date closed
    - > Length and height of deck (width is derived from "Diver" or deck test data)
    - > Volumes automatically calculate from deck test factors

#### **Deck Worksheet**

Deck#	Sort	Status	Starting	Ending	Length	Height	Avg. Width	Gr. Factor	Net Factor	Gross CCF	Net CCF	Gross MBF	Net MBF
1	LARPLY	Building	3-Oct-08		260	12.03	30.24	0.6271	0.5785	593.18	547.20	340.91	305.70
2	SPSM	Closed	30-Jul-08	14-Oct	261	25.50	30.76	0.6429	0.6225	1,316.17	1,274.32	792.88	763.07
3	SP18	Closed	25-Jul-08	16-Sep-08	304	21.14	28.78	0.5859	0.5635	1,083.66	1,042.26	552.89	508.42
4	SPSM	Building	12-Oct-08		99	13.08	30.76	0.6429	0.6225	256.08	247.94	154.27	148.47
5	LPPSM	Depleting	16-Jul-08	14-Sep-08	360	21.94	28.30	0.6627	0.6224	1,481.30	1,391.24	809.45	695.62
6	PPSM	Closed	9-May-08	17-Jul-08	484	26.96	28.17	0.6387	0.6019	2,347.73	2,212.51	1,504.96	1,418.27
7	PPSM	Depleting	10-Apr-08	14-May-08	318	26.02	28.17	0.6387	0.6019	1,488.74	1,402.99	954.32	899.35
8	PP18	Building	18-Jul-08		437	22.27	26.26	0.5935	0.5603	1,516.63	1,432.00	762.13	688.46



















# Log Yard Inventory Physical

Final result is an accurate inventory ready for the plant accountant:

Log Yard Inventory

28-Feb-07 6:00am

		MBF		a, 5 t		CCF		0.5.6.4	Net
	Gross	Defect	Net	% Defect	Gross	Defect	Net	% Defect	CCF/MBF
LPPSM Total	1257.86	167.23	1090.63	13.3%	2301.88	120.62	2181.26	5.2%	2.00
PP18 Total	3130.31	319.63	2810.68	10.2%	6229.32	383.10	5846.22	6.2%	2.08
PPSM Total	6245.41	437.80	5807.60	7.0%	9742.83	682.97	9059.86	7.0%	1.56
SP18 Total	2415.08	217.32	2197.75	9.0%	4733.55	228.16	4505.40	4.8%	2.05
SPSM Total	796.72	40.80	755.91	5.1%	1322.55	60.18	1262.38	4.6%	1.67
DF-LARSM Total	50.40	11.82	38.58	23.4%	63.00	13.23	49.77	21.0%	1.29
Sawmill Total	13895.77	1194.61	12701.16	8.6%	24393.13	1488.26	22904.88	6.1%	1.80
WFPLY	13.60	1.86	11.74	13.7%	27.74	3.21	24.53	11.6%	2.09
DFPLY Total	5411.08	683.37	4727.71	12.6%	10281.05	1014.74	9266.31	9.9%	1.96
LAPLY Total	3211.46	375.29	2836.17	11.7%	5587.95	466.59	5121.36	8.4%	1.81
PLY Total	8636	1060.52	7575.62	12.3%	15896.75	1484.54	14412.20	9.3%	1.90
WF Stud	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0%	0.00
DF/L Stud	31.16	4.90	26.26	15.7%	76.34	6.49	69.85	8.5%	2.66
Cedar	16.50	1.85	14.65	11.2%	33.00	2.09	30.91	6.3%	2.11
Mis-sort Total	47.66	6.75	40.91	14.2%	109.34	8.57	100.77	7.8%	2.46
Mixed	234.40	23.70	210.70	10.1%	419.57	31.89	387.68	7.6%	1.84
Grand Total	22813.97	2285.58	20528.40	10.0%	40818.79	3013.26	37805.53	7.4%	1.84



















### Mill Studies

#### **≻**Traditionally

➤ Whether it is batch test, gorilla test or a scanner test the traditional role has been for the scaler to help select, scale the logs and then turn the scale data over to someone else to use for analysis.

#### ➤ Value Added Role

- ➤ Same as traditional, plus:
  - Helps plan for tests
  - > Is assigned a specific process to monitor & audit during the test
  - > Helps compile the data and input into testing model



















### **Training**

- ➤ A fully competent scaler will need to add to his or her resume:
  - > A willingness and desire to:
    - Learn and use the log inventory system
    - > Learn and use basic computer applications like excel and word
    - Learn and use your company's log data base (if they don't have one then create one)
    - > Learn to be a good communicator
    - Learn to be a leader
    - Learn to be a teacher



















# Summary

- ➤ Adding Value to Log measurement is:
  - Low cost
  - Most data reporting systems in place just under utilized
  - > More challenging job hence more job satisfaction for scaler
  - > More accurate inventory reporting with fewer inventory swings
  - > Better communication and team play between log yard and mill
  - > Fewer surprises at the end of each month
  - > Ultimately provides more revenue to the bottom line

















