

# Converting between Western North American log scaling methods

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## BC Firmwood and Northwest Log Rules Cubic

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Timber Measurement Society Annual Meeting, April 2013

# Today I'll discuss:

- 1 How Smalian's formula tends to overstate cubic volume where butt dia. is  $> 30\%$  larger than top
- 2 How NWLR's 0.7 inch diameter correction factor overstates Scribner diameter bias in today's harvest
- 3 How Scribner's truncation of fractional diameters causes significant variability in NWLR Cubic volumes
- 4 That improving accuracy of NWLR Cubic requires adoption of unbiased diameter measurement

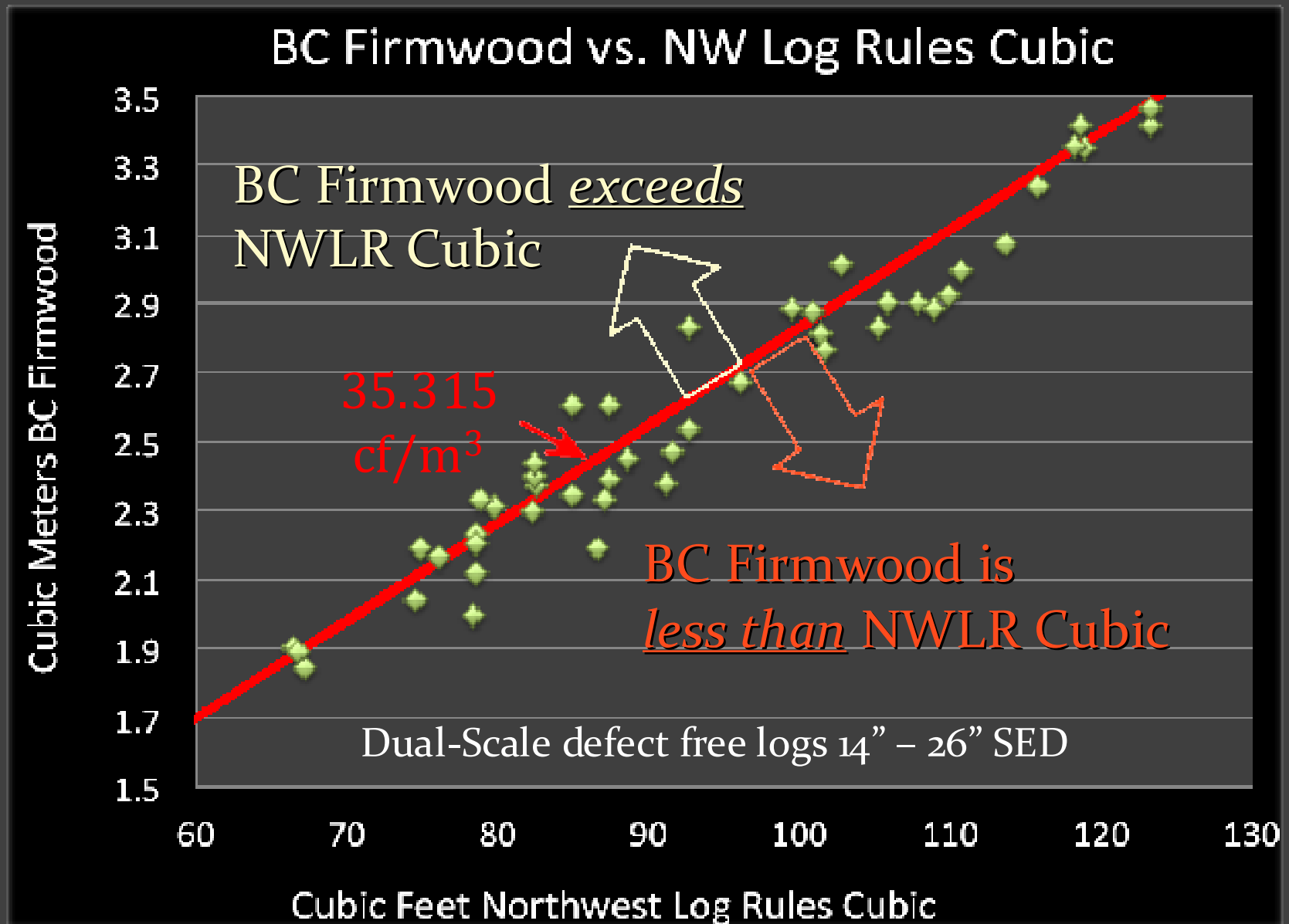
If BC Firmwood and Northwest Log Rules Cubic scales gave the same results...

The conversion between them would be the ratio of their measurement units, or 35.315 cf/m<sup>3</sup>:

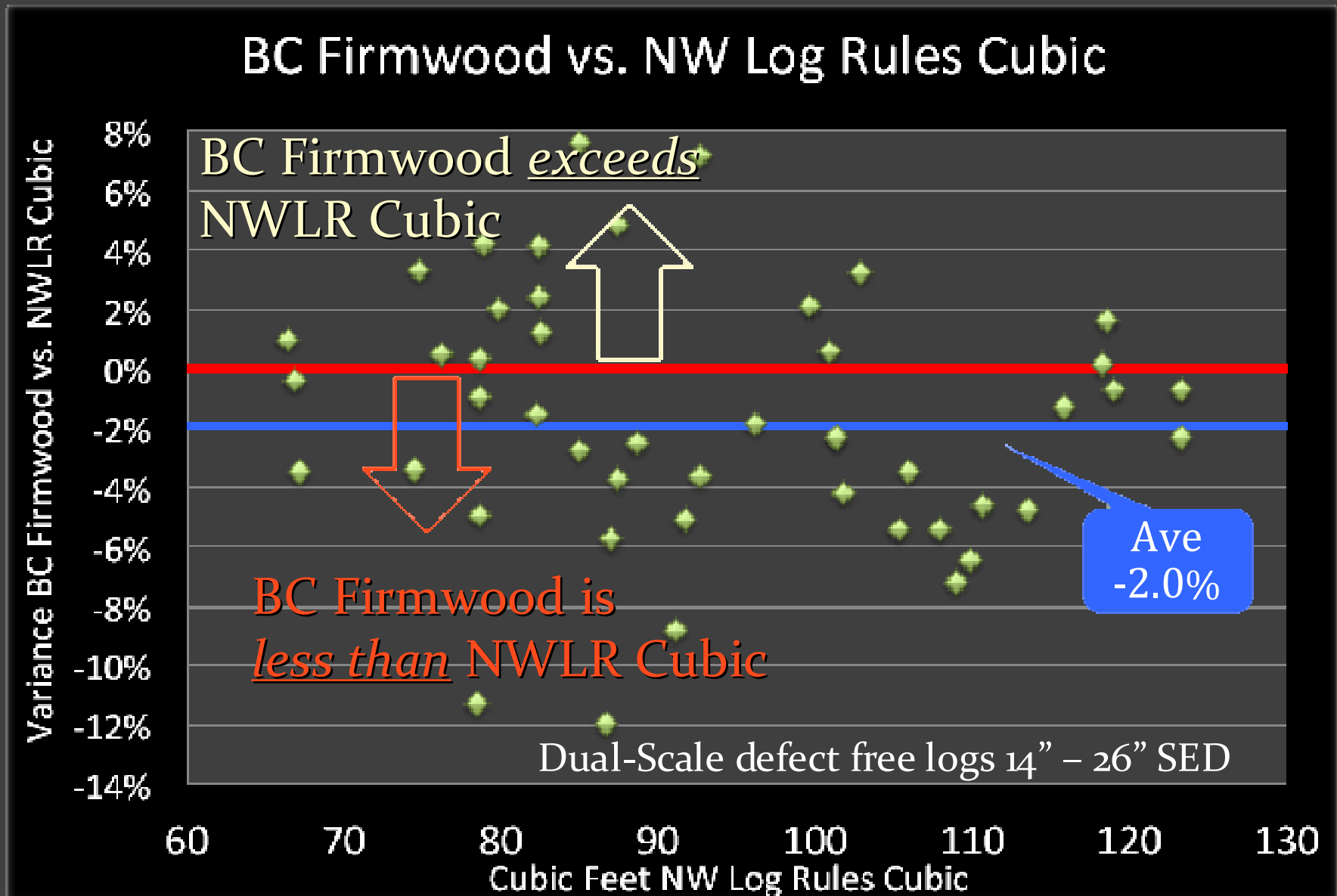
$$1 \text{ meter} = 3.28084 \text{ feet}$$

$$3.28084 \text{ feet cubed} = \underline{35.31467 \text{ cf}}$$

If BC Firmwood and Northwest Log Rules Cubic scales gave the same results...



If BC Firmwood and Northwest Log Rules Cubic scales gave the same results...



# What causes variance in the ratio between BC Firmwood and Northwest Log Rules Cubic Scales?

## BC Firmwood

Formulas Smalian's  
 $C \times L \times (d_1^2 + d_2^2) / 2$

Diameter Nearest 2 cm

Length Nearest dm

Deducts Unsound Only

## NW Log Rules

Two-End Conic  
 $C \times L \times (d_1^2 + d_2^2 + (d_1 \times d_2)) / 3$

Scribner + 0.7 in.

Scribner + 1 ft \*

Unsound – Gross  
& Solid – Merch

\* Logs 17'+, Scribner + 0.5' for logs <17'

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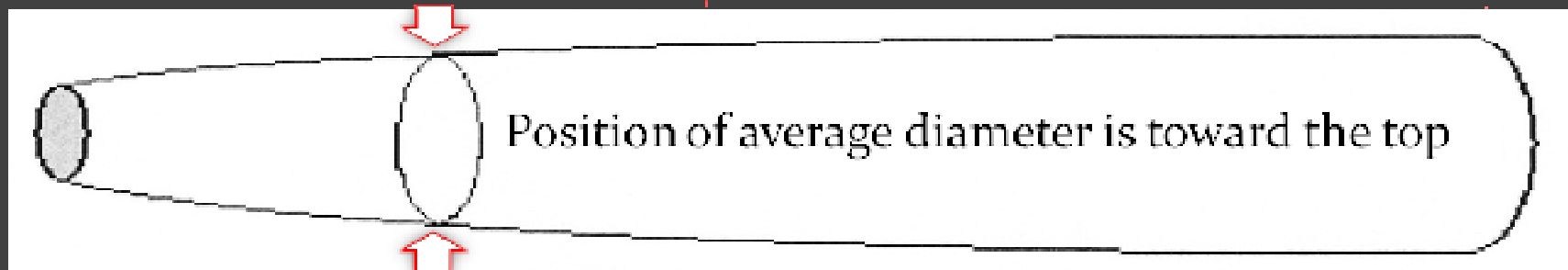
Unsound – Gross  
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\* Logs 17'+, Scribner + 0.5' for logs <17'

The difference between Smalian's and the Two-End Conic formula derives from their estimates of average diameter and is independent of log length (L):

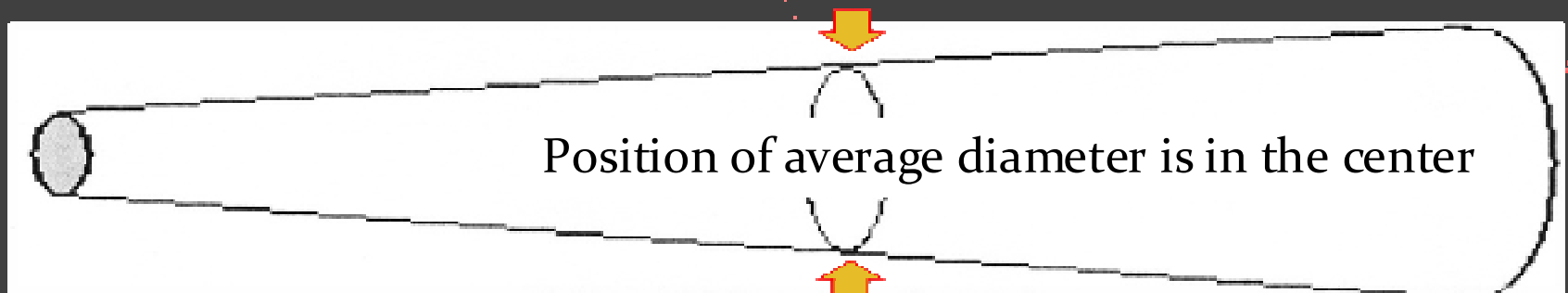
Smalian's

$$C \times L \times (d_1^2 + d_2^2) / 2$$



Two-End Conic

$$C \times L \times (d_1^2 + d_2^2 + (d_1 \times d_2)) / 3$$





Smalian exceeds Two-End Conic with decreasing log diameter and increasing difference between top and butt diameter

If Top & Butt Dia. Difference is:			2 inches:							
<u>Top</u>	<u>Butt</u>	<u>Ave.</u>	<u>Two-End Conic in<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>Ave. Dia.</u>	<u>Smalian in<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>Ave. Dia.</u>	<u>% Diff. in<sup>2</sup></u>			
6	8	7.0	49.3	7.0	50.0	7.1	1%			
				<b>0.7 in<sup>2</sup></b>						
12	14	13.0	169.3	13.0	170.0	13.0	0%			
				<b>0.7 in<sup>2</sup></b>						
24	26	25.0	625.3	25.0	626.0	25.0	0%			
28	30	29.0	784	900	840	841.3	29.0	842.0	29.0	0%
30	32	31.0	900	1024	960	961.3	31.0	962.0	31.0	0%
32	34	33.0	1024	1156	1088	1089.3	33.0	1090.0	33.0	0%

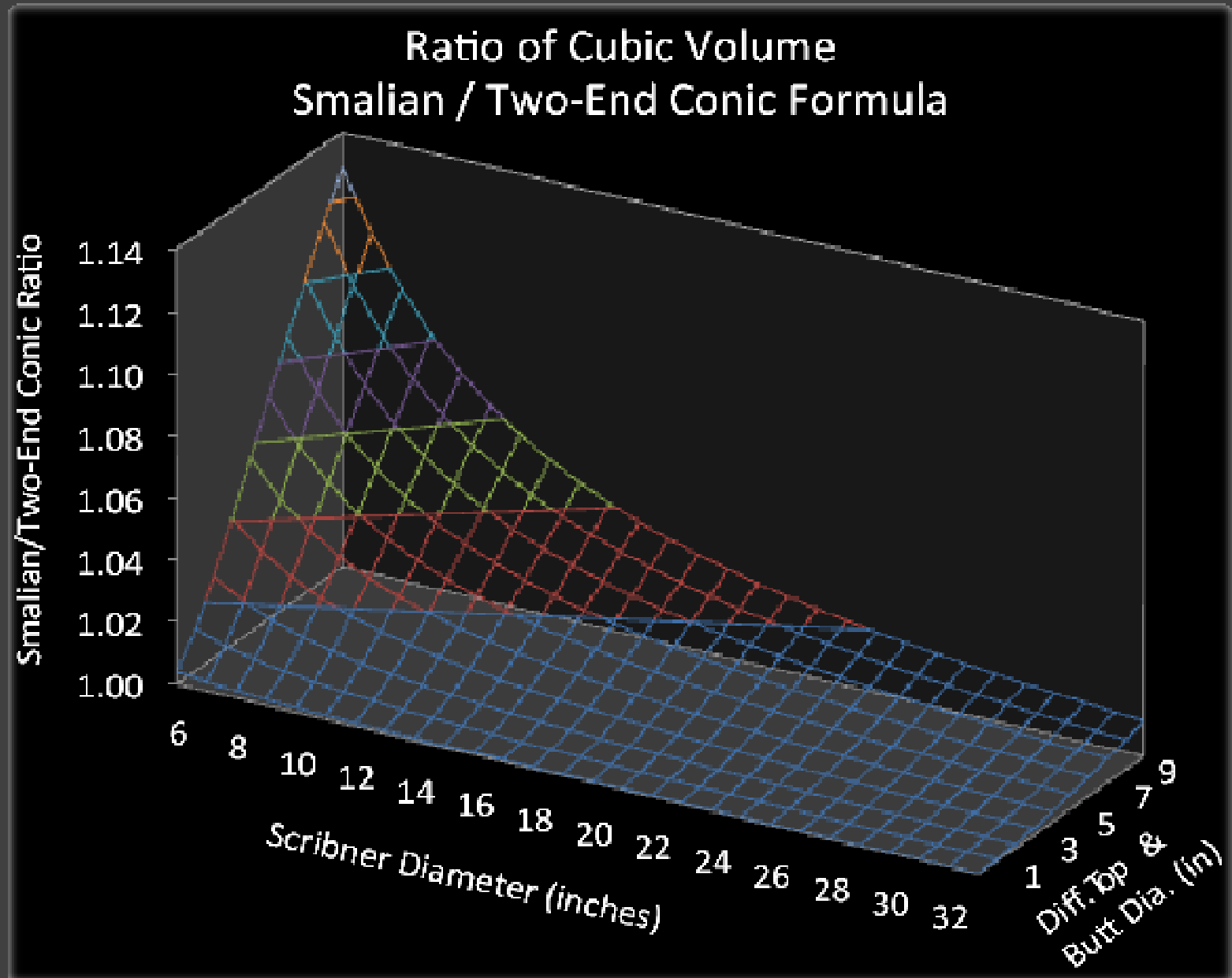
Smalian exceeds Two-End Conic with decreasing log diameter and increasing difference between top and butt diameter

If Top & Butt Dia. Difference is:			4 inches:							
<u>Top</u>	<u>Butt</u>	<u>Ave.</u>	<u>Two-End Conic</u>	<u>Ave. Dia.</u>	<u>Smalian</u>	<u>Ave. Dia.</u>	<u>% Diff. in<sup>2</sup></u>			
6	10	8.0	65.3	8.1	68.0	8.2	4%			
			<b>2.7 in<sup>2</sup></b>							
12	16	14.0	197.3	14.0	200.0	14.1	1%			
			<b>2.7 in<sup>2</sup></b>							
24	28	26.0	677.3	26.0	680.0	26.1	0%			
28	32	30.0	784	1024	896	901.3	30.0	904.0	30.1	0%
30	34	32.0	900	1156	1020	1025.3	32.0	1028.0	32.1	0%
32	36	34.0	1024	1296	1152	1157.3	34.0	1160.0	34.1	0%

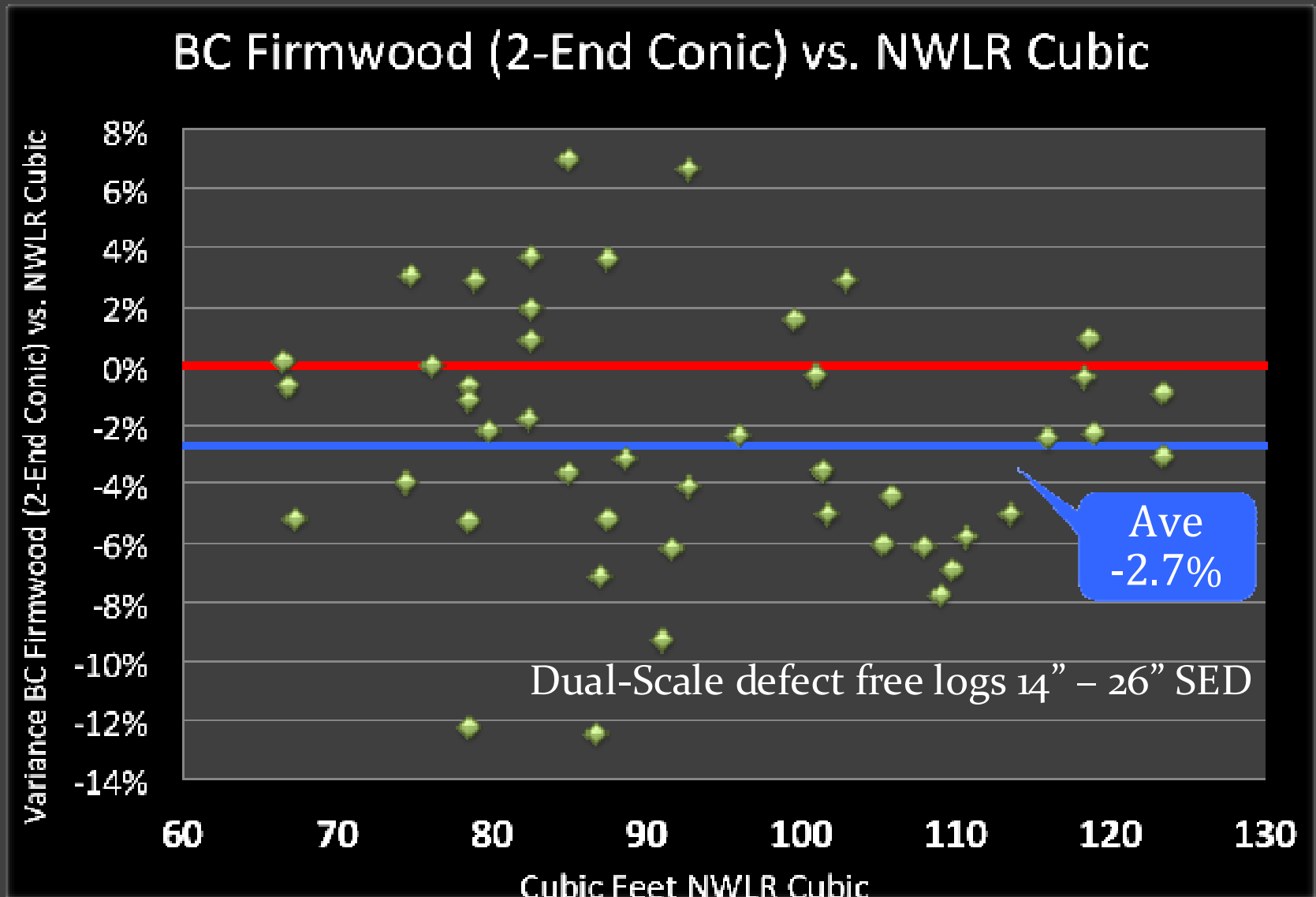
Smalian exceeds Two-End Conic with decreasing log diameter and increasing difference between top and butt diameter

If Top & Butt Dia. Difference is:			6 inches:							
<u>Top</u>	<u>Butt</u>	<u>Ave.</u>	<u>Two-End Conic in<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>Ave. Dia.</u>	<u>Smalian in<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>Ave. Dia.</u>	<u>% Diff. in<sup>2</sup></u>			
6	12	9.0	84.0	9.2	90.0	9.5	7%			
			<b>6.0 in<sup>2</sup></b>							
12	18	15.0	228.0	15.1	234.0	15.3	3%			
			<b>6.0 in<sup>2</sup></b>							
24	30	27.0	732.0	27.1	738.0	27.2	1%			
28	34	31.0	784	1156	952	964.0	31.0	970.0	31.1	1%
30	36	33.0	900	1296	1080	1092.0	33.0	1098.0	33.1	1%
32	38	35.0	1024	1444	1216	1228.0	35.0	1234.0	35.1	0%

The amount Smalian exceeds Two-End Conic increases with the difference between top and butt diameter and with decreasing top diameter



Adjusting for formula difference increases variance between BC Firmwood & Northwest Log Rules Cubic:



# What causes variance in the ratio between BC Firmwood and Northwest Log Rules Cubic Scales?

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 $C \times L \times (d_1^2 + d_2^2) / 2$

Diameter Nearest 2 cm

Length Nearest dm

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## NW Log Rules

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 $C \times L \times (d_1^2 + d_2^2 + (d_1 \times d_2)) / 3$

Scribner + 0.7 in.

Scribner + 1 ft \*

Unsound – Gross  
& Solid – Merch

\* Logs 17'+, Scribner + 0.5' for logs <17'

## BC Firmwood

### Lengths:

Unbiased – accurate  
to nearest 1 dm (~3.9 in)

### Diameters:

Unbiased – accurate  
to nearest 2 cm (~0.79 in)

## NW Log Rules

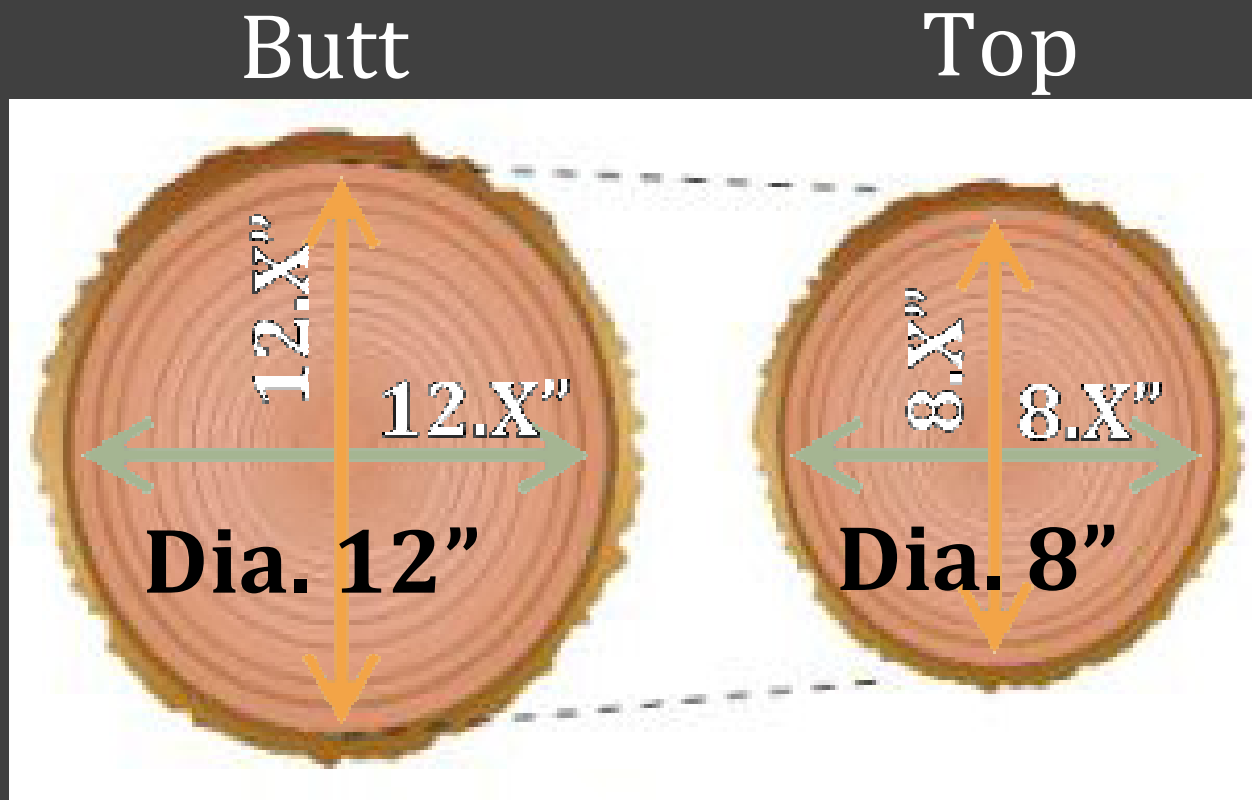
Scribner length + trim  
minimal bias

1.0 ft for logs 17'+  
0.5 ft for logs <17'

Scribner (biased) –  
truncated fractional  
diameters plus 0.7 in

## Basis for 0.7 inch bias correction factor:

- Scribner's truncation of diameter fractions for logs with zero or even-inch ovality: 0.5 in.



Log with  
"zero"  
ovality  
Butt & Top

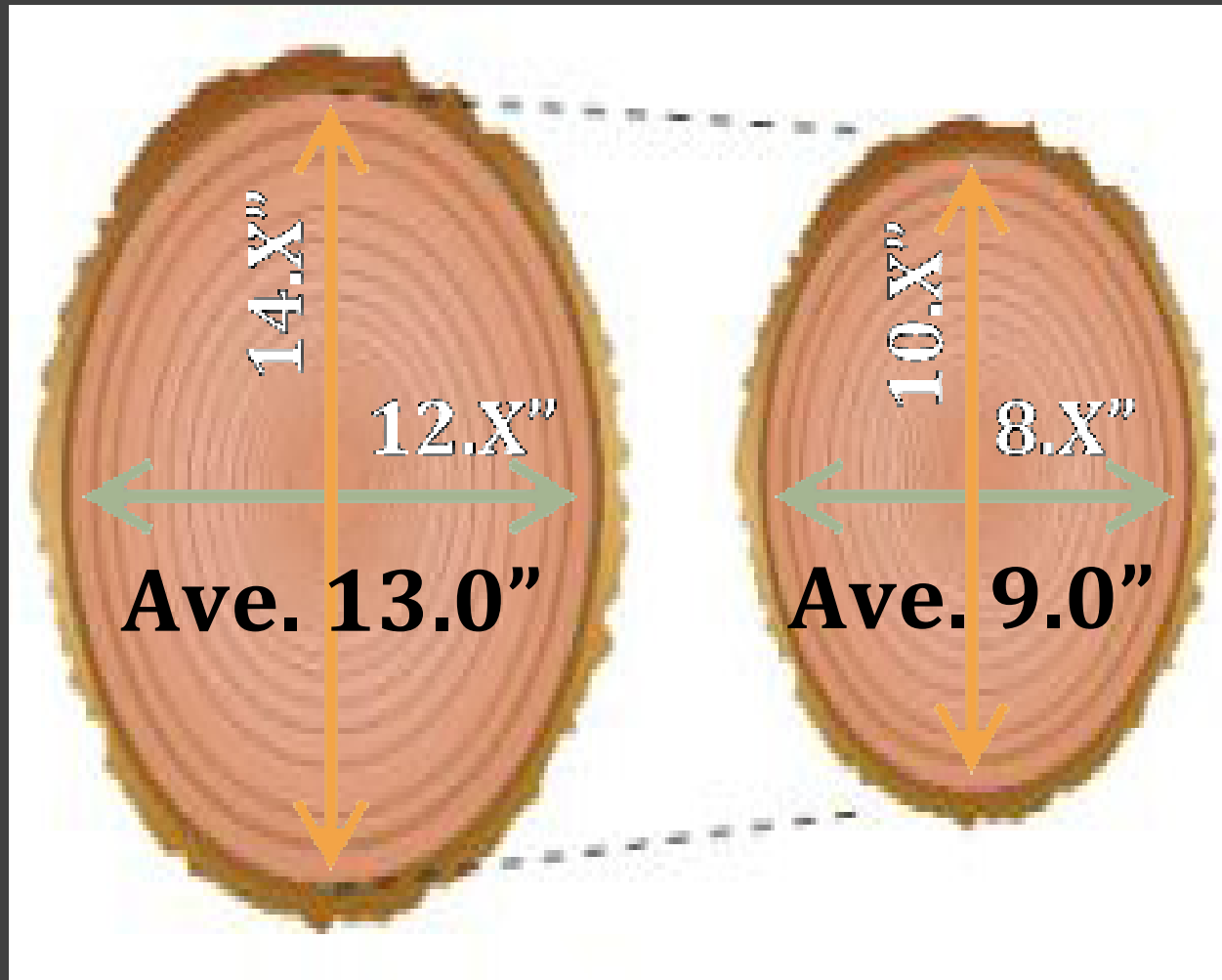


## Basis for 0.7 inch bias correction factor:

- Scribner's truncation of diameter fractions for logs with zero or even-inch ovality: 0.5 in.

Butt

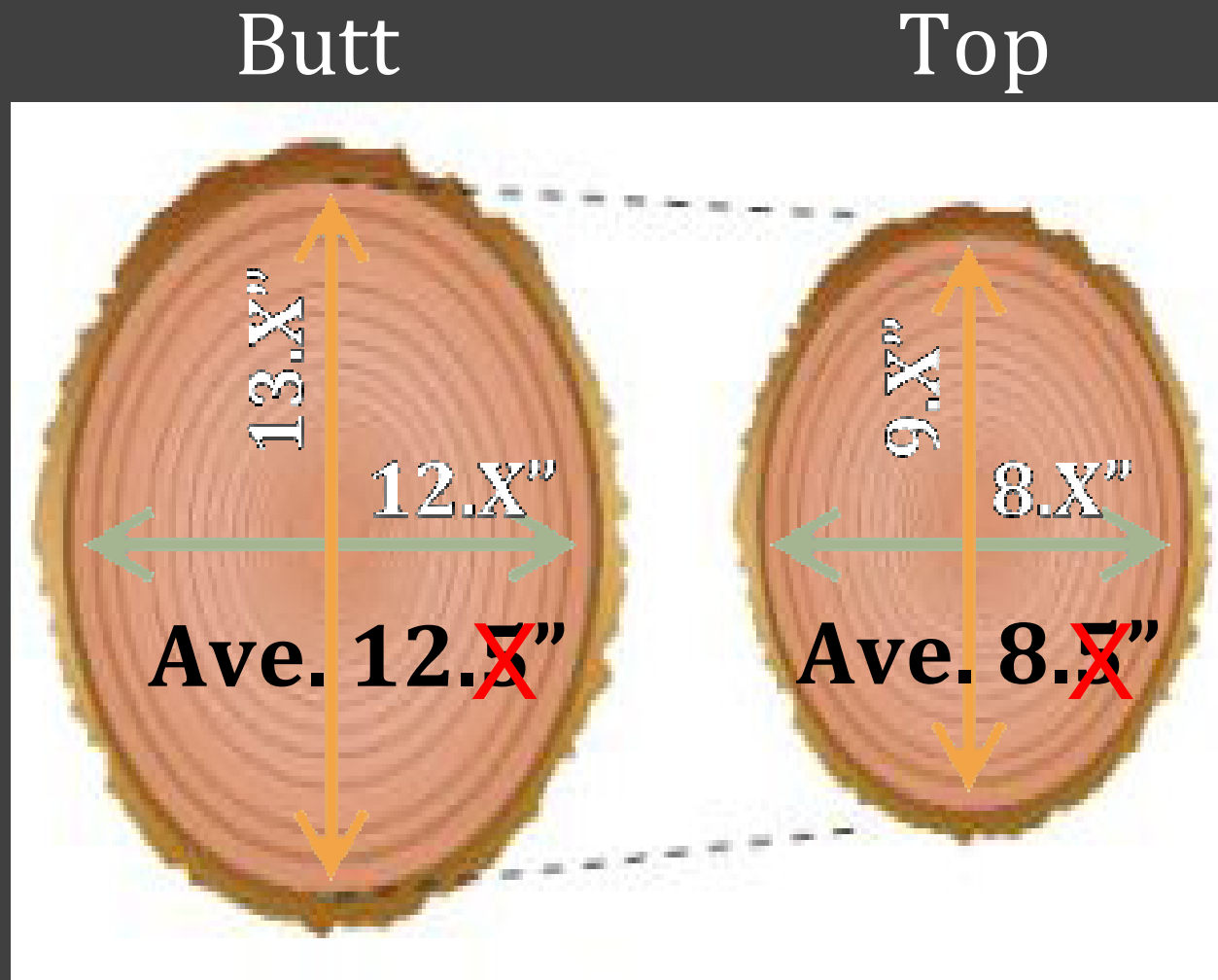
Top



Log with  
“even-inch”  
ovality  
Butt & Top


## Basis for 0.7 inch bias correction factor:

- An additional 0.5" diameter truncation occurs for logs with odd-inch ovality e.g., 1", 3", etc.



Log with 1"  
ovality  
Butt & Top

## Basis for 0.7 inch bias correction factor:

- Scribner's truncation of diameter fractions for logs with zero or even-inch ovality: 0.5 in.
  - Scribner's additional 0.5" diameter truncation for logs with odd-inch ovality: 0.2 in.
- 
- 0.7 in.

Additional 0.2 inch bias correction assumes odd-inch ovality occurs almost half the time at *both* the Top and Butt

# Scribner diameter truncation for round logs and logs with ovality

Logs with 1/16 inch ovality								
<u>Actual Diameter (in)</u>			<u>Truncated Diameter</u>				<u>Amount</u>	
<u>Narrow</u>	<u>Wide</u>	<u>Average</u>	<u>Narrow</u>	<u>Wide</u>	<u>Average</u>	<u>Scribner</u>	<u>Truncated</u>	<u>Average</u>
5.9375	6	5.96875	5	6	5.5	5	0.96875	} 0.5000
6.0000	6.0625	6.03125	6	6	6	6	0.03125	
6.0625	6.1250	6.09375	6	6	6	6	0.09375	
6.1250	6.1875	6.15625	6	6	6	6	0.15625	
6.1875	6.2500	6.21875	6	6	6	6	0.21875	
6.2500	6.3125	6.28125	6	6	6	6	0.28125	
6.3125	6.3750	6.34375	6	6	6	6	0.34375	
6.3750	6.4375	6.40625	6	6	6	6	0.40625	
6.4375	6.5000	6.46875	6	6	6	6	0.46875	
6.5000	6.5625	6.53125	6	6	6	6	0.53125	
6.5625	6.6250	6.59375	6	6	6	6	0.59375	
6.6250	6.6875	6.65625	6	6	6	6	0.65625	
6.6875	6.7500	6.71875	6	6	6	6	0.71875	
6.7500	6.8125	6.78125	6	6	6	6	0.78125	
6.8125	6.8750	6.84375	6	6	6	6	0.84375	
6.8750	6.9375	6.90625	6	6	6	6	0.90625	
6.9375	7.0000	6.96875	6	7	6.5	6	0.96875	

# Scribner diameter truncation for round logs and logs with ovality

Logs with 1/8 inch ovality								
<u>Actual Diameter (in)</u>			<u>Truncated Diameter</u>				<u>Amount</u>	
<u>Narrow</u>	<u>Wide</u>	<u>Average</u>	<u>Narrow</u>	<u>Wide</u>	<u>Average</u>	<u>Scribner</u>	<u>Truncated</u>	<u>Average</u>
5.875	6	5.9375	5	6	5.5	5	0.93750	} 0.5313
5.9375	6.0625	6	5	6	5.5	5	1.00000	
6.0000	6.1250	6.0625	6	6	6	6	0.06250	
6.0625	6.1875	6.125	6	6	6	6	0.12500	
6.1250	6.2500	6.1875	6	6	6	6	0.18750	
6.1875	6.3125	6.25	6	6	6	6	0.25000	
6.2500	6.3750	6.3125	6	6	6	6	0.31250	
6.3125	6.4375	6.375	6	6	6	6	0.37500	
6.3750	6.5000	6.4375	6	6	6	6	0.43750	
6.4375	6.5625	6.5	6	6	6	6	0.50000	
6.5000	6.6250	6.5625	6	6	6	6	0.56250	
6.5625	6.6875	6.625	6	6	6	6	0.62500	
6.6250	6.7500	6.6875	6	6	6	6	0.68750	
6.6875	6.8125	6.75	6	6	6	6	0.75000	
6.7500	6.8750	6.8125	6	6	6	6	0.81250	
6.8125	6.9375	6.875	6	6	6	6	0.87500	
6.8750	7.0000	6.9375	6	7	6.5	6	0.9375	

# Scribner diameter truncation for round logs and logs with ovality

Logs with 3/16 inch ovality								
<u>Actual Diameter (in)</u>			<u>Truncated Diameter</u>				<u>Amount</u>	
<u>Narrow</u>	<u>Wide</u>	<u>Average</u>	<u>Narrow</u>	<u>Wide</u>	<u>Average</u>	<u>Scribner</u>	<u>Truncated</u>	<u>Average</u>
5.8125	6	5.90625	5	6	5.5	5	0.90625	} 0.5625
5.8750	6.0625	5.96875	5	6	5.5	5	0.96875	
5.9375	6.1250	6.03125	5	6	5.5	5	1.03125	
6.0000	6.1875	6.09375	6	6	6	6	0.09375	
6.0625	6.2500	6.15625	6	6	6	6	0.15625	
6.1250	6.3125	6.21875	6	6	6	6	0.21875	
6.1875	6.3750	6.28125	6	6	6	6	0.28125	
6.2500	6.4375	6.34375	6	6	6	6	0.34375	
6.3125	6.5000	6.40625	6	6	6	6	0.40625	
6.3750	6.5625	6.46875	6	6	6	6	0.46875	
6.4375	6.6250	6.53125	6	6	6	6	0.53125	
6.5000	6.6875	6.59375	6	6	6	6	0.59375	
6.5625	6.7500	6.65625	6	6	6	6	0.65625	
6.6250	6.8125	6.71875	6	6	6	6	0.71875	
6.6875	6.8750	6.78125	6	6	6	6	0.78125	
6.7500	6.9375	6.84375	6	6	6	6	0.84375	
6.8125	7.0000	6.90625	6	7	6.5	6	0.90625	

# Scribner diameter truncation for round logs and logs with ovality

Logs with 1 inch ovality								
<u>Actual Diameter (in)</u>			<u>Truncated Diameter</u>				<u>Amount</u>	
<u>Narrow</u>	<u>Wide</u>	<u>Average</u>	<u>Narrow</u>	<u>Wide</u>	<u>Average</u>	<u>Scribner</u>	<u>Truncated</u>	<u>Average</u>
5	6	5.5	5	6	5.5	5	0.50000	} 0.9688
5.0625	6.0625	5.5625	5	6	5.5	5	0.56250	
5.1250	6.1250	5.625	5	6	5.5	5	0.62500	
5.1875	6.1875	5.6875	5	6	5.5	5	0.68750	
5.2500	6.2500	5.75	5	6	5.5	5	0.75000	
5.3125	6.3125	5.8125	5	6	5.5	5	0.81250	
5.3750	6.3750	5.875	5	6	5.5	5	0.87500	
5.4375	6.4375	5.9375	5	6	5.5	5	0.93750	
5.5000	6.5000	6	5	6	5.5	5	1.00000	
5.5625	6.5625	6.0625	5	6	5.5	5	1.06250	
5.6250	6.6250	6.125	5	6	5.5	5	1.12500	
5.6875	6.6875	6.1875	5	6	5.5	5	1.18750	
5.7500	6.7500	6.25	5	6	5.5	5	1.25000	
5.8125	6.8125	6.3125	5	6	5.5	5	1.31250	
5.8750	6.8750	6.375	5	6	5.5	5	1.37500	
5.9375	6.9375	6.4375	5	6	5.5	5	1.43750	
6.0000	7.0000	6.5	6	7	6.5	6	0.5	

# Scribner diameter truncation for round logs and logs with ovality in increments of 1/16 in

<u>Ovality (in)</u>	<u>Average Truncation</u>
Zero & even-inch	0.50000
1/16	0.50000
1/8	0.53125
3/16	0.56250
1/4	0.59375
5/16	0.62500
3/8	0.65625
7/16	0.68750
1/2	0.71875
9/16	0.75000
5/8	0.78125
11/16	0.81250
3/4	0.84375
13/16	0.87500
7/8	0.90625
15/16	0.93750
1 & odd-inch	0.96875
All Ave.	0.72059

Assuming an equal probability of logs in each class, average truncation is 0.72 in. and 50% have odd-inch ovality at *both* Top and Butt



Given Scribner diameter  
truncation just discussed...

What's the impact of  
Scribner diameter bias on  
the difference between  
BC Firmwood and  
Northwest Log Rules Cubic?

# Range of Scribner diameter bias relative to BC Firmwood scale:

Metric Diameter in centimeters is:

For Round Logs:

For Logs With Ovality of 1":

Narrow

Wide

Where Scribner  
Diameter (Inches) is:

Met  
Mi

Scribner

BC Firmwood

6"

16 – 20 cm

32"

82 – 86 cm

6

7

8

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30

31

32

16

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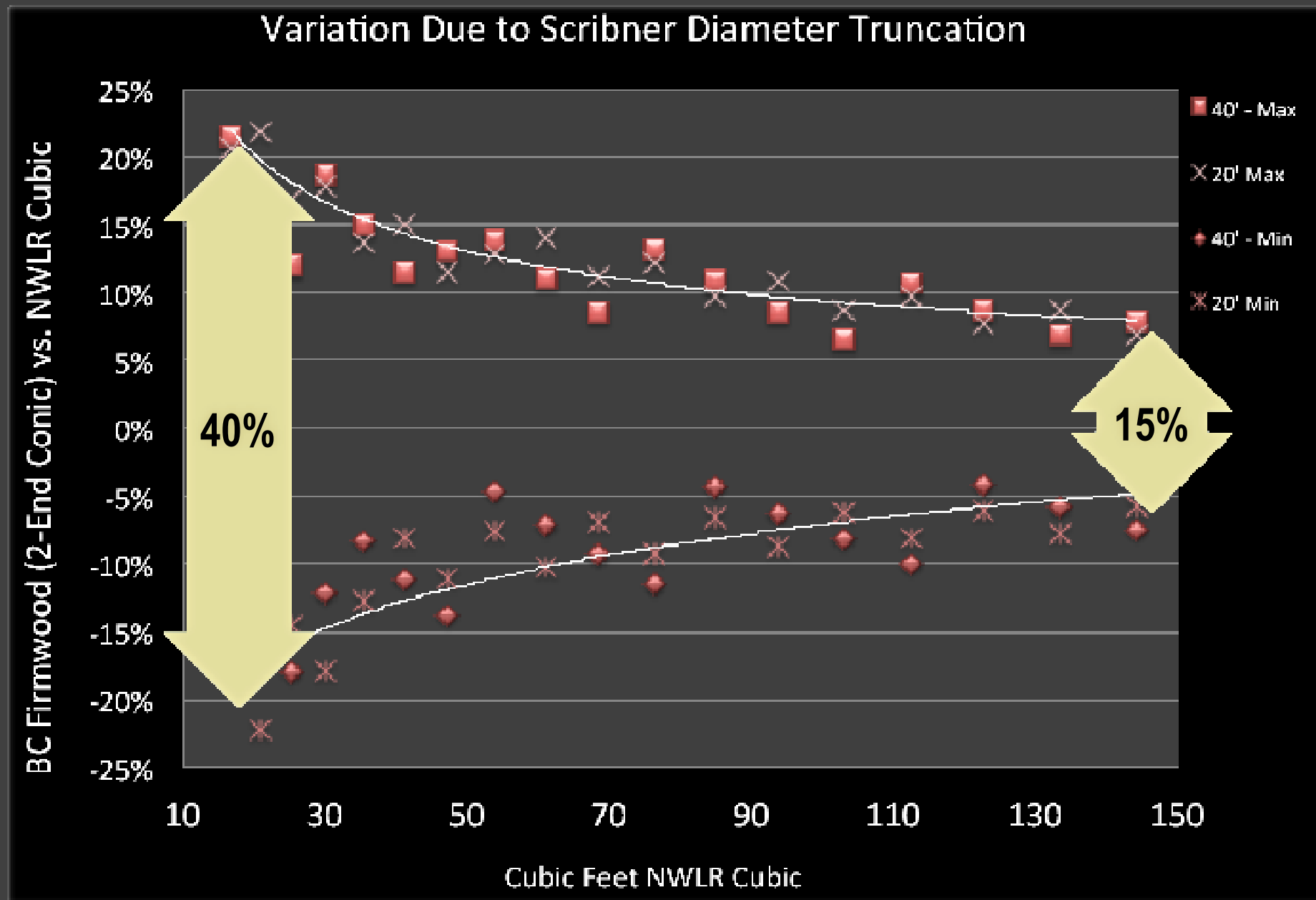
# Variance in cubic volume caused by Scribner diameter bias:

Scribner Diameter	40' Log w/1" in 10' Taper		
	BC Firm. Minimum	NWLR	BC Firm. Maximum
<b>6</b>	15.2 -11%	16.8	21.4 22%
<b>7</b>	18.2 -15%	20.8	24.9 17%
<b>8</b>	21.4 -18%	25.3	28.7 12%
•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•
<b>30</b>	222.1 -5%	233.6	244.6 5%
<b>31</b>	233.2 -6%	248.1	268.1 7%
<b>32</b>	256.2 -3%	263.0	280.3 6%

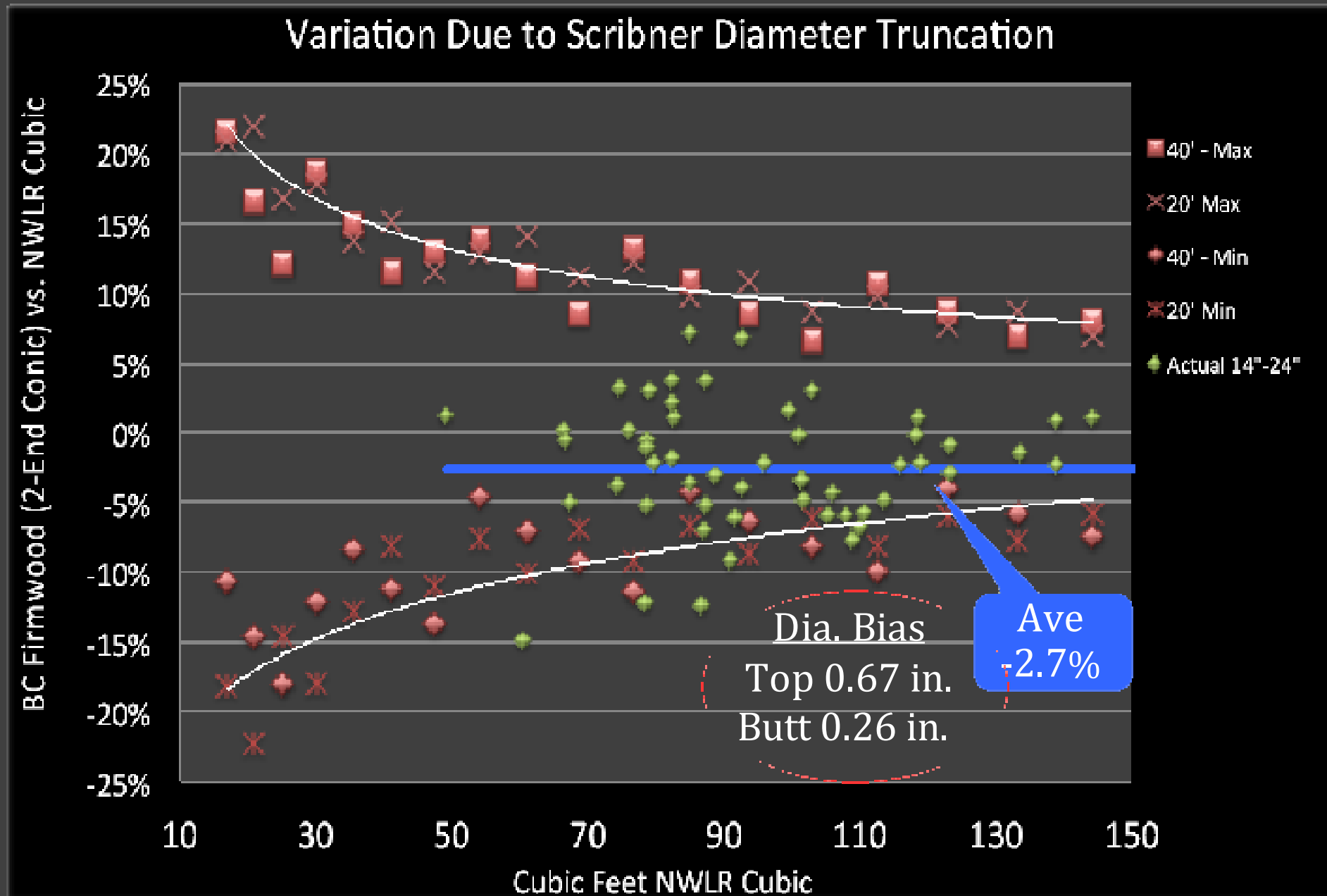
# Variance in cubic volume caused by Scribner diameter bias:

Scribner Diameter	<u>20' Log w/1" in 10' Taper</u>		
	BC Minimum	NWLR	BC Maximum
<b>6</b>	5.5 <b>-18%</b>	6.5	8.2 <b>21%</b>
<b>7</b>	6.8 <b>-22%</b>	8.3	10.6 <b>22%</b>
<b>8</b>	9.0 <b>-15%</b>	10.3	12.4 <b>17%</b>
•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•
<b>30</b>	105.6 <b>-4%</b>	109.6	116.5 <b>6%</b>
<b>31</b>	111.0 <b>-5%</b>	116.7	125.1 <b>7%</b>
<b>32</b>	119.3 <b>-4%</b>	123.9	131.0 <b>5%</b>

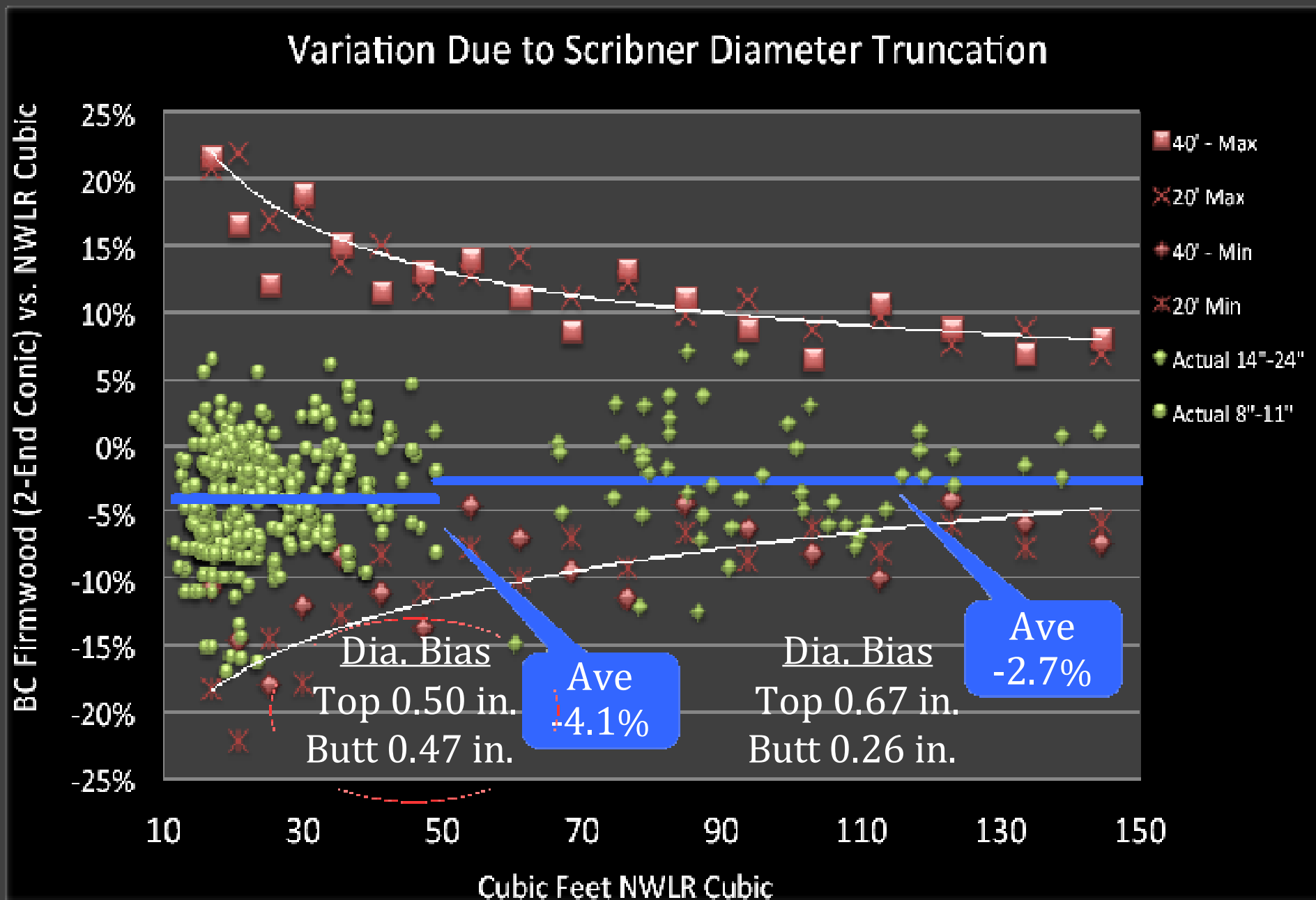
# Variance in cubic volume caused by Scribner diameter bias:



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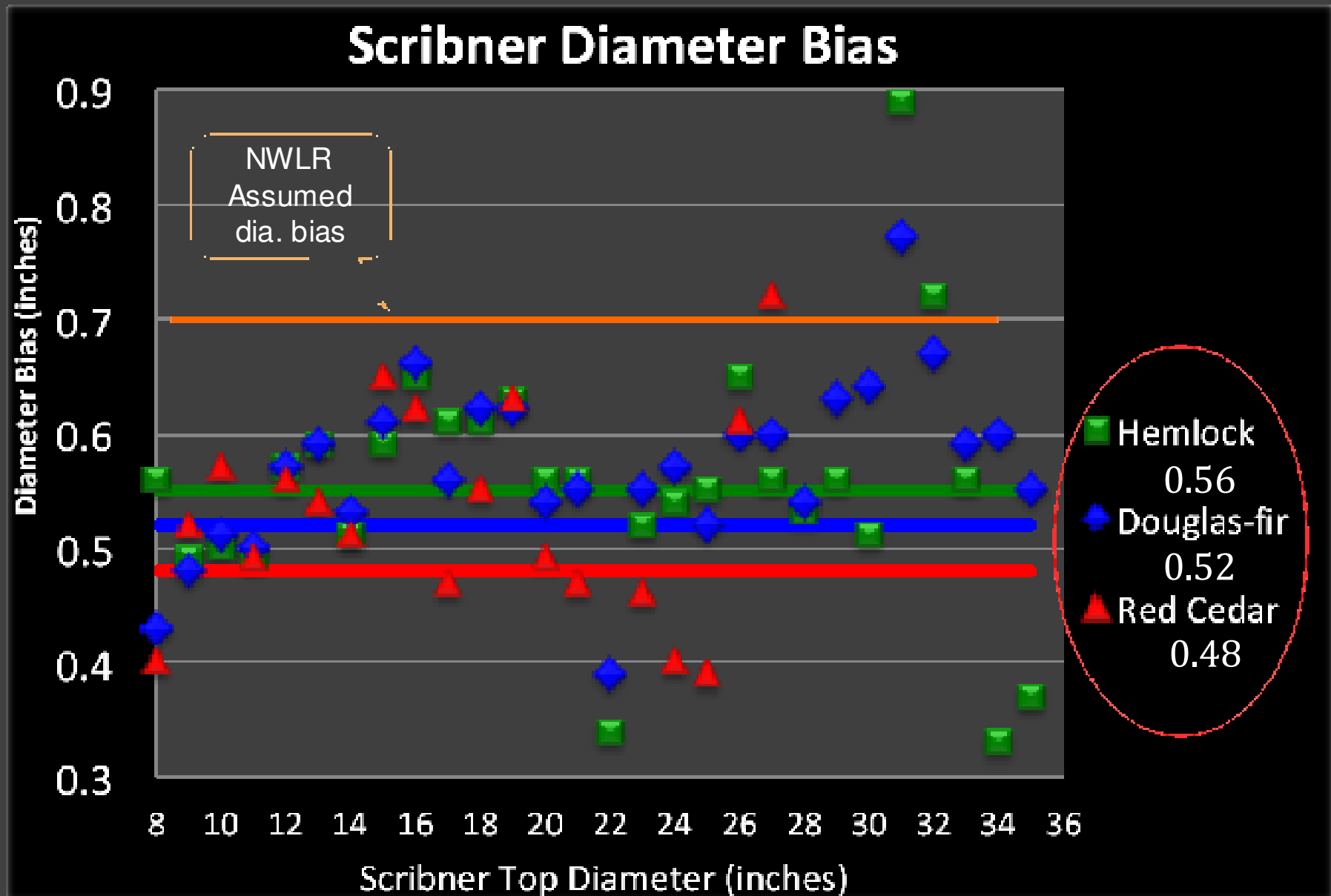


# Variance in cubic volume caused by Scribner diameter bias:



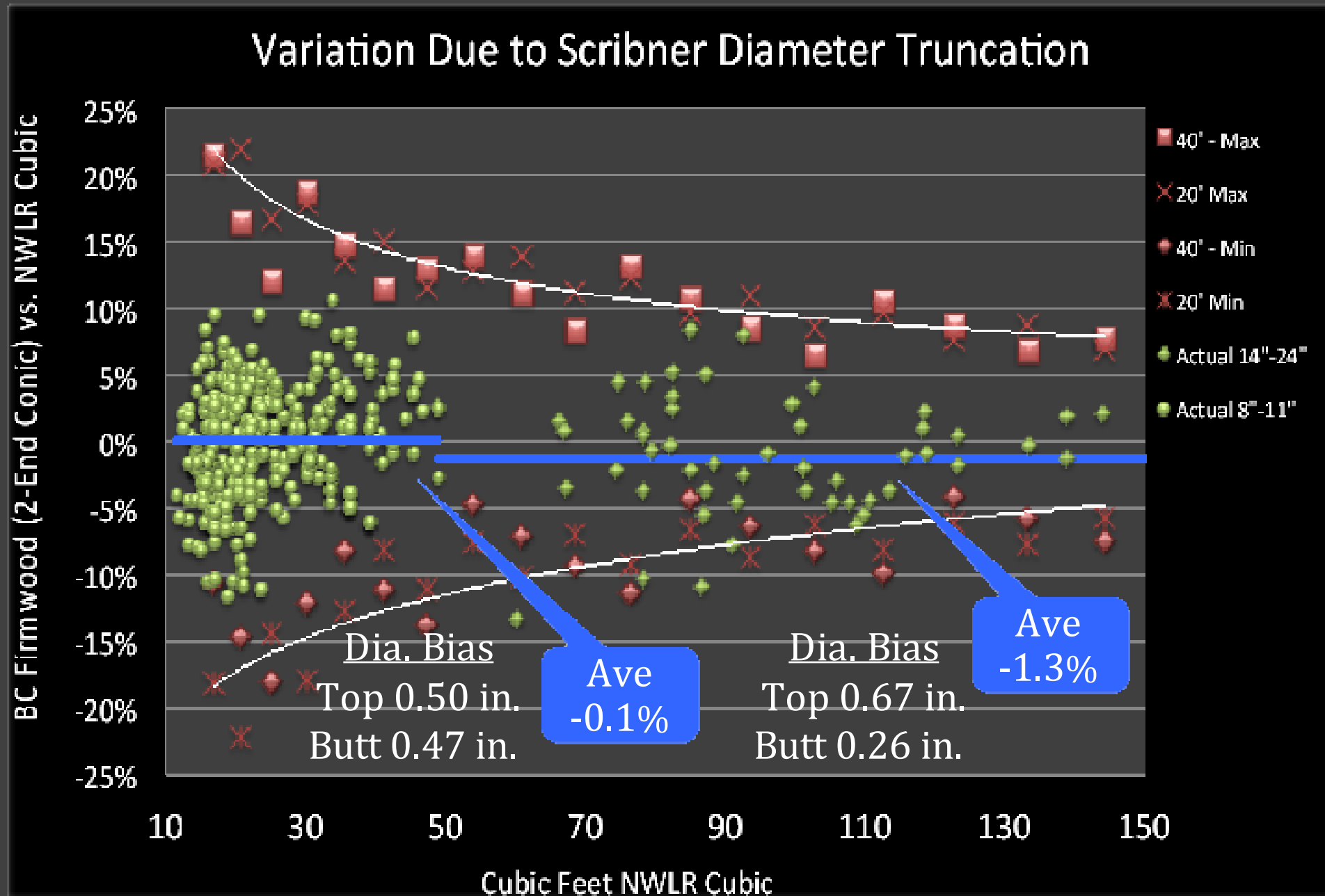
# Ave. Scribner diameter bias by diameter class

~500,000 logs exported from BC to US in 2000





# Variance in cubic volume using 0.55" instead of 0.7" correction for Scribner diameter bias:



# To sum things up:

- 1 Smalian's formula tends to overstate cubic volume where butt dia. is  $> 30\%$  larger than top
- 2 NWLR's 0.7 inch bias correction factor overstates Scribner diameter bias for today's harvest
- 3 Scribner diameter truncation causes significant variability in NWLR Cubic volumes
- 4 Improving accuracy of NWLR Cubic requires adoption of unbiased measurement protocol

## Some recommendations:

### BC Firmwood:

- Adopt Two-End Conic formula

### NW Log Rules Cubic:

- Adopt unbiased diameter measurement protocol
- Adopt more representative correction factor for Scribner diameter bias

# Questions or Comments?

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**Neal Hart**  
**Jendro & Hart, LLC**  
**Sunriver, Oregon**

**Thank You**

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